

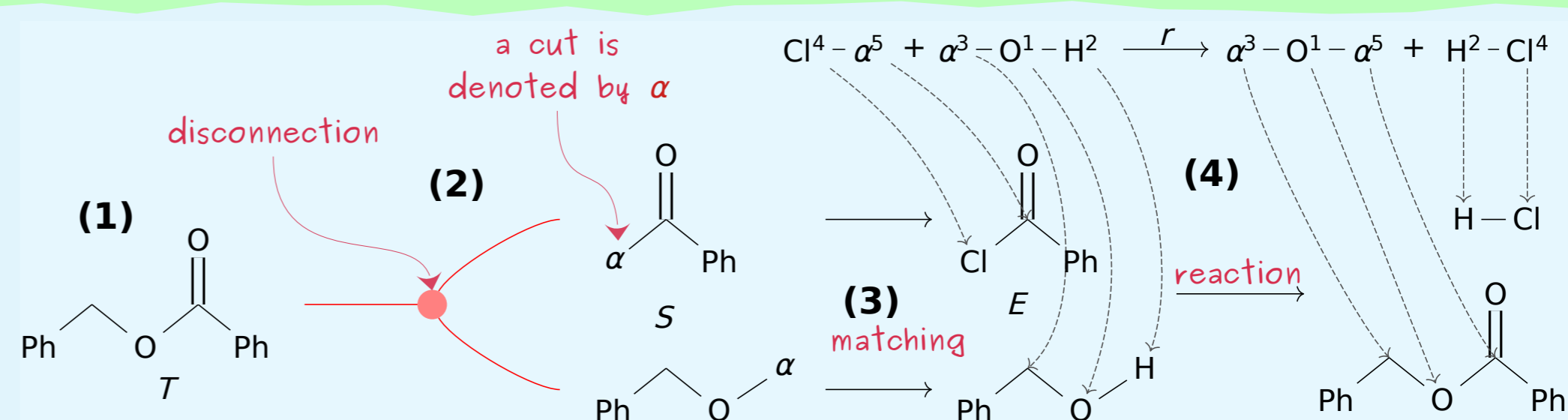
A CATEGORICAL APPROACH TO SYNTHETIC CHEMISTRY

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Retrosynthetic analysis

- (1) Start with the target molecule(s) T
- (2) Disconnect the target by “cutting” along some bonds, creating two or more *synthons* S
- (3) Search for *synthetic equivalents* E : embeddings of synthons into molecular graphs
- (4) Search for a known reaction whose reactants contain the synthetic equivalents E and whose products contain the target T
- (5) Check whether the synthetic equivalents are known molecules: if yes, terminate, if no, return to (1) taking the synthetic equivalents as the new target: $E \mapsto T$



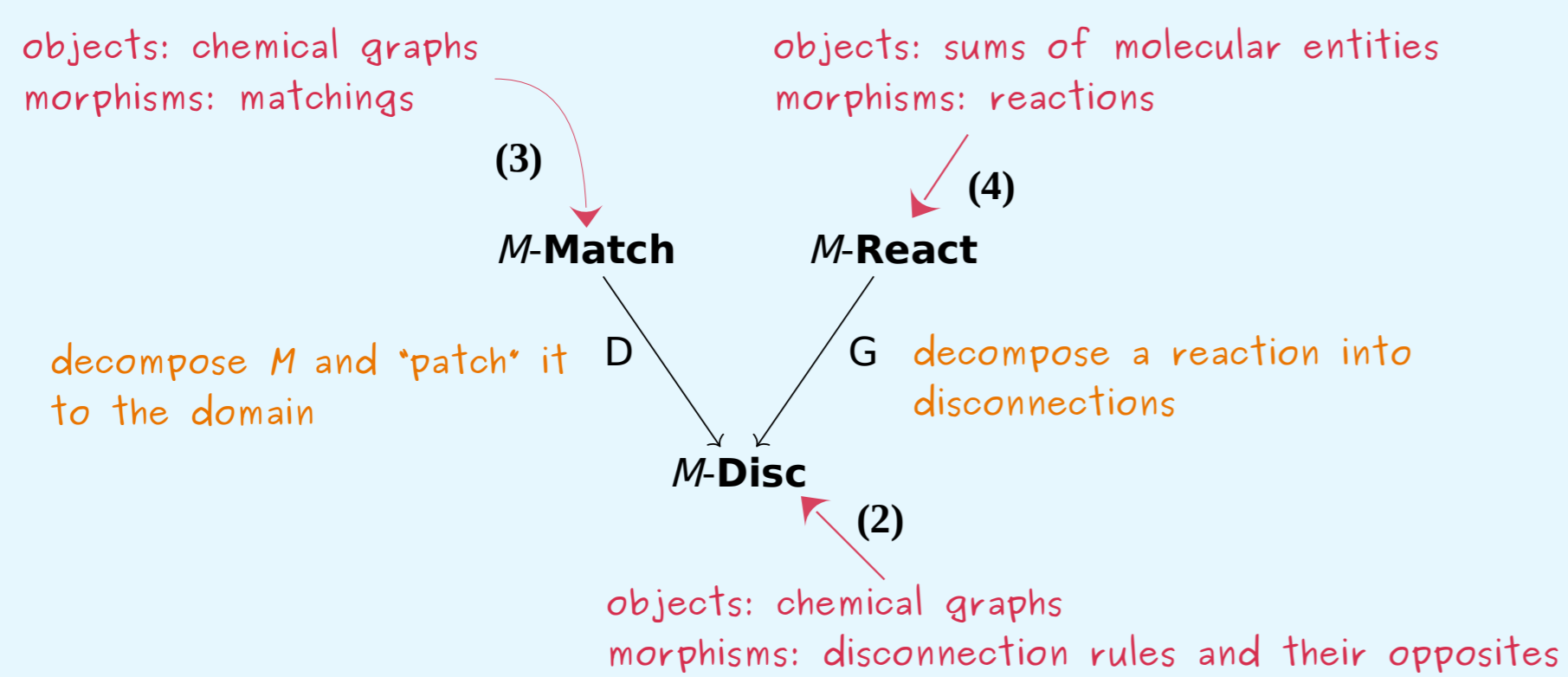
A layered prop for retrosynthesis

see for the definition of a layered prop



L. Lobski, F. Zanasi, String Diagrams for Layered Explanations, ACT 2022, arXiv:22.07.03929.

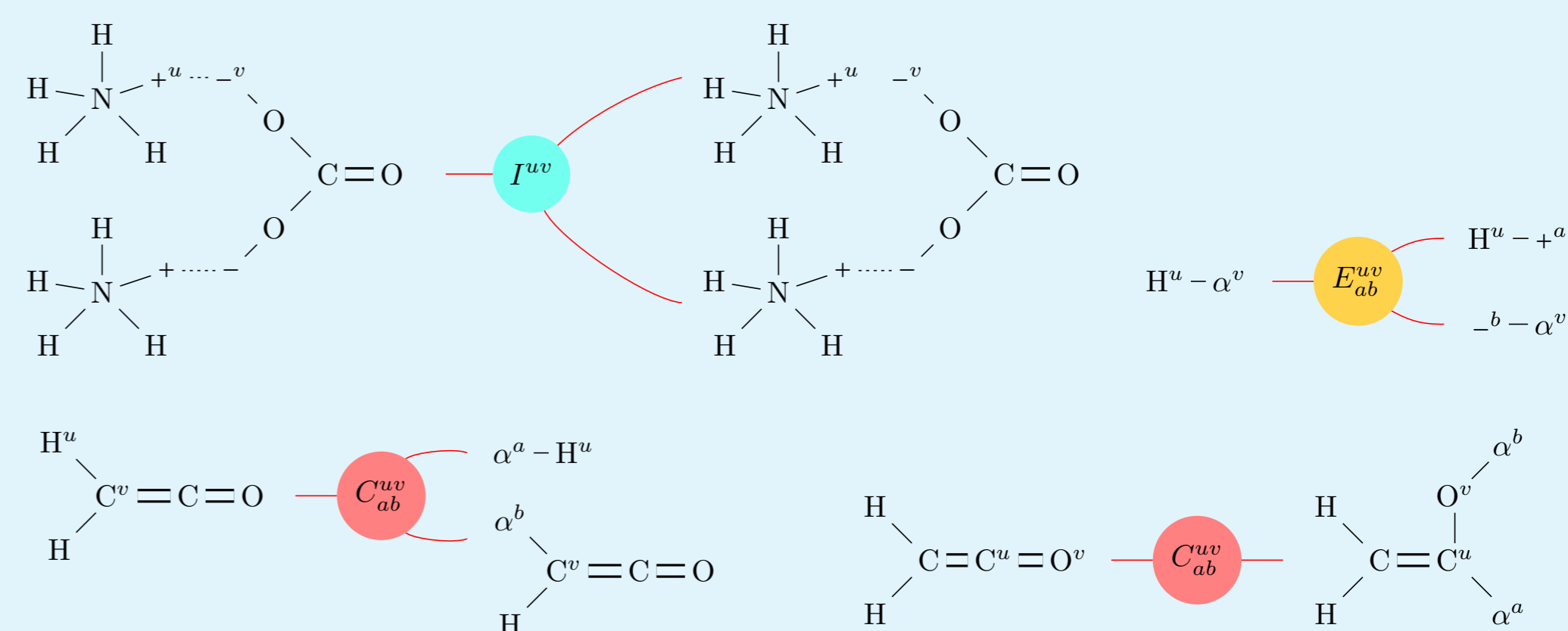
For a finite collection of molecular entities M , we generate the (monoidal) categories and functors below:



All of these are parameterised in M , representing an unbounded supply of molecules in the environment. The above diagram, together with inclusions between different choices of M , generates a *layered prop* in which retrosynthetic search can be expressed as “filling the gaps” of a given type. Below we represent formally one iteration of the search (left), the output of a successful search with n iterations (right), and an example of the kind of reasoning that the formalism allows (the 2-cell in the middle).

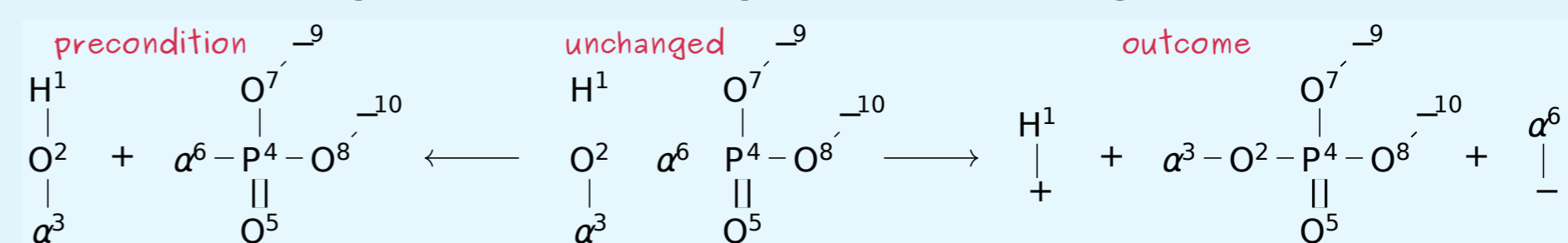
Disconnection rules

There are three kinds of disconnections: *electron detachment* E , *ionic bond breaking* I , and *covalent bond breaking* C :

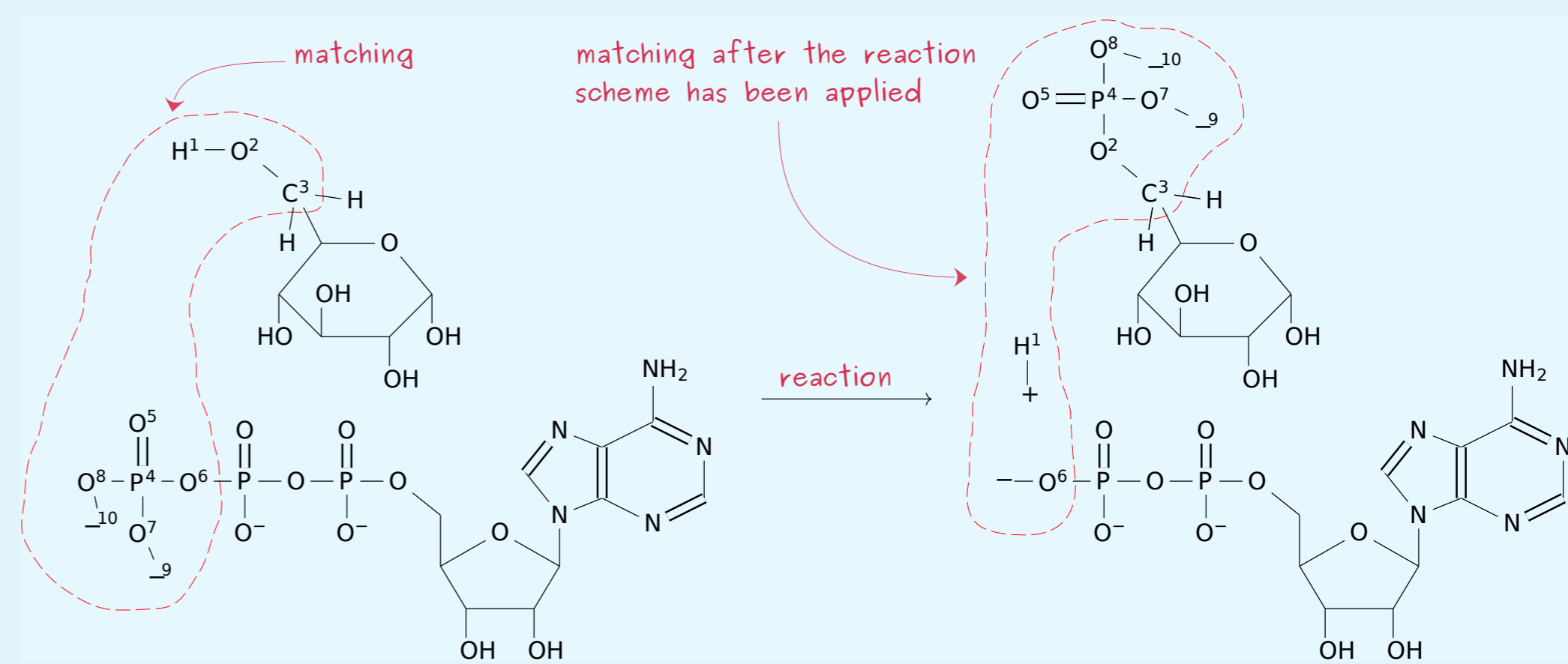


Reactions

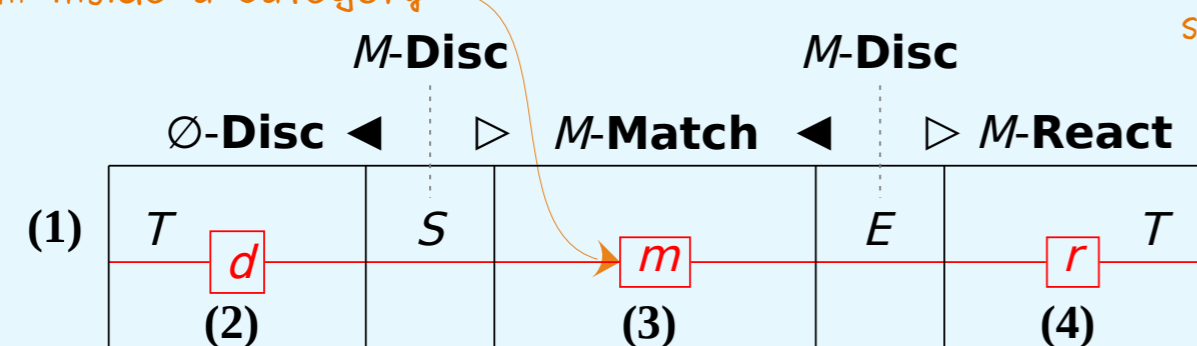
Reactions are graph rewrites generated using *reaction schemes*:



by *matching* the left-hand side in a larger molecular entity:



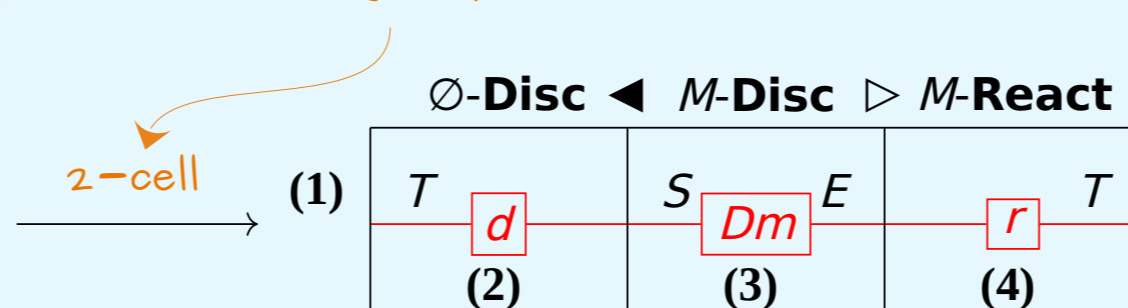
morphism inside a category



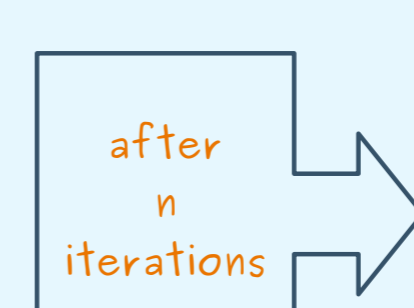
translating forward along a functor

translating backward along a functor

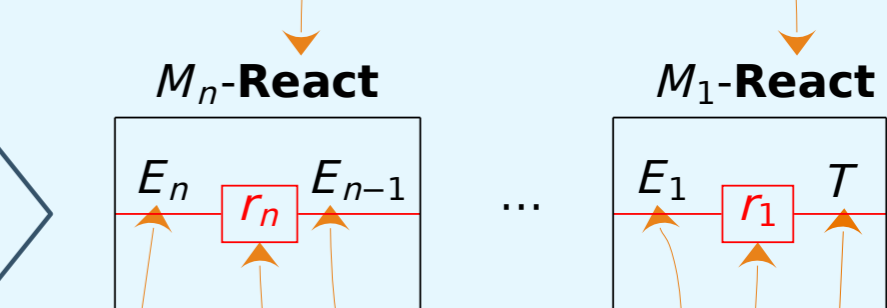
existence of the 2-cell says that we can search in M -Disc instead of M -Match



1-cells (rectangles)



reaction environment



existing molecule, intermediate molecules, target

References

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- Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S.: Organic chemistry. Oxford University Press. 2012.
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